

**Example:**

A certain county is concerned about a possible infestation in its pastureland. They take a random sample of 75 locations in the county and find that 13 of them are infested. Create a 95% confidence interval for the true percent of infested locations in the county.

$(0.08766, 0.259)$

(A)

Conditions

- ① Random : stated as a random sample (SRS) ✓
- ② Success/Failure : at least 10 success/failure ~~X~~ -1 -1
- ③ 10% Condition : 75 is less than all possible locations. ~~X~~

All conditions have been met, \_\_\_\_\_ -1.5

CI :  $p \pm z^* \sqrt{\frac{pq}{n}}$  ~~X~~ -2

$(0.088; 0.259)$  ✓

95% of sample ~~X~~ lie between 8.8% and 25.9%  
proportions

$\hat{p}$  ~~X~~ -2

(B)

Conditions

- ① 10% Condition: 75 locations is less than ~~all~~  <sup>$\frac{1}{2}$</sup>  possible locations in the county's pastureland.  $\times - \frac{1}{2}$
- ② Randomization: Stated as a random sample
- ③ Success/Failure:  $n\hat{p} = 13 \geq 10$     At least 10 successes/failures.  
 $n\hat{q} = 62 \geq 10$

All conditions have been met to use the Normal model for a 1 prop  $z$ -interval.

$$\hat{p} = \frac{13}{75} \quad n = 75 \quad z^* = 1.96$$

$$CI: \frac{13}{75} \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{(\frac{13}{75})(\frac{62}{75})}{75}}$$

$$(0.08766, 0.259)$$

I am 95% confident that the actual proportion of all possible locations that are infested lies between 8.8% and 25.9%.

(C)

$$\hat{p} \pm z^* \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}\hat{q}}{n}} \quad -2$$

(0.08766, 0.259)

① 10% condition: ~~13~~ locations is less than 10% ~~X~~ -1

② Random: Representative sample,

③ Success/Failure:  $n\hat{p} = 13 \geq 10$   $n\hat{q} = 62 \geq 10$   $-1/2$

statement -2

95% of samples are between 8.8% and 25.9% ~~X~~ -2

(D)

10% Condition ✓  
Random ✓  
~~Success~~  
Large Enough ✓

-3

statement  
-2

CI:  ~~$1.173 \pm 1.645 \sqrt{\frac{1.173 \cdot 1.827}{75}}$~~  -2

~~(.101, .245)~~ -1

The proportion of infected locations is between 10.1% and 24.5%. -1

